

Decision Notice Approval

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.2 effective 7 February 2020) made under section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under section 63(2) of the Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/35-2024	Contact:	Sophie Muggeridge
Notice Date:	17 February 2025	Contact Number:	07 4936 8099

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name:	Discovery Communities Pty Ltd				
Postal address:	C/- Gideon Town Planning				
	PO BOX 450				
	ROCKHAMPTON CITY QLD 4700				
Phone no:	07 4806 6959	Mobile no: -	Email:	info@gideontownplanning.com.au	

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 27 March 2024 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for Reconfiguring a Lot for a Subdivision (one lot into four lots)

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	196 Mason Street, Berserker
Real property description:	Lot 12 on RP609433

Dear Discovery Communities Pty Ltd

I advise that, on 11 February 2025 the above development application was:

approved in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in **Attachment 1**)

*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

The following approvals are given:

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval	\boxtimes	
- Reconfiguring a lot		

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit	
Operational Works	Access Works Allotment Drainage Works	

4. SUBMISSIONS

Properly made submissions were made in relation to the application.

There were three (3) properly made submissions received from the following submitter(s);

Name of principal submitter	Residential or business address	Electronic address (if provided)		
1. Melinda Bennett	198 Mason Street, BERSERKER QLD 4701	vanillasouris@yahoo.com.au		
2. Lyla Kehl	191A Mason Street, BERSERKER QLD 4701	<u>handeva@outlook.com</u>		
3. Bailey Peacock	192 Mason Street, BERSERKER QLD 4701	Baileyconnor58@outlook.com		

5. REFERRAL AGENCIES - NIL

6. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	Date	Reference No.	Version/ Issue
Site Plan	Design direct	29 May 2024	230802	E

7. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the *Planning Act*)

In accordance with section 85(1)(b)(ii) of the *Planning Act 2016*, the development approval lapses if a plan for the reconfiguration that, under the Land Title Act, is required to be given to a local government for approval is not given to the local government within four (4) years after the approval starts to have effect, if not stated otherwise in the conditions of approval attached.

8. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development

Reconfiguring a Lot for a Subdivision (one lot into four lots)

Reasons for Decision

- a) Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity; and
- b) On balance, the application should be approved because the circumstances favour Council exercising its discretion to approve the application even though the development does not comply with an aspect of the assessment benchmarks.

Assessment Benchmarks

The development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks:

- Local Government Infrastructure Plan;
- Strategic Framework;
- Low Density Residential Zone Code;
- Access, Parking and Transport Code;
- Filling and Excavation Code;
- Landscape Code;
- Reconfiguring a Lot Code;
- Stormwater Management Code;
- Water and Sewer Code;
- Biodiversity Overlay Code;
- Coastal Protection Overlay Code;
- Flood Hazard Overlay Code;
- Steep Land Overlay Code; and
- Planning Regulation 2017, Schedule 12A

Compliance with assessment benchmarks

The development was assessed against all of the assessment benchmarks listed above and complies with all of these with the exceptions listed below.

Assessment Benchmark	Reasons for the approval despite non-compliance with benchmark		
Coastal Protection	Performance Outcome (PO)14		
Overlay Code	The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 14.1 or Performance Outcome 14 as a resulting lot (proposed Lot 2) is partially affected by the Coastal Protection Overlay, hazard – medium.		
	Despite this, proposed Lot 2 is marginally mapped as being affected by the Coastal Protection Overlay (approximately 4.5m ²). The hazard is likely contained within the Frenchmans Creek corridor to the east of the site. Proposed Lot 2 is 1,004.61 square metres in area and therefore is of a sufficient size to accommodate a future dwelling house outside the hazard area and will avoid an unacceptable increase in the severity of the hazard or potential for damage on the site or to other properties.		
	On this basis, the proposed development is taken to comply with the purpose of the Coastal Protection Overlay Code and overall outcome (2), (a).		
Flood Hazard	Performance Outcome (PO) 14		
Overlay Code	The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 14.1 or Performance Outcome 14 because it results in the creation of new lots (proposed Lot 2 and Lot 4) within the Flood Hazard Overlay.		
	The Flood Hazard Overlay (Riverine) affects an approximate 240 square metre area in the southeastern corners of proposed Lots 2 and 4 and approximate 95 square metres (creek catchment) in the southeast corner of proposed Lot 2. Furthermore, the proposed development does not comply with Overall Outcome (2) (f) of the Flood Hazard Overlay Code because it results in the creation of additional lots in the Flood Hazard Overlay.		
	Despite this, the proposed development does comply with Strategic Outcome 3.4.1 (3) and Specific Outcome 3.4.3.1 (1) of the Planning		

Scheme within the Natural Environment and Hazards theme of the Strategic
Framework. Because only part of proposed Lots 2 and 4 are mapped as
being affected by the flood hazard overlay and the developable area (i.e.
excluding the flood hazard overlay and easements) of each lot can
accommodate a future dwelling house outside of the hazard. A condition of
approval has also been recommended requiring a drainage easement over
the extent of the Flood Hazard Overlay. The drainage easement will ensure
no further development can occur within the flood hazard areas.
On this basis, it is considered that there is no increased risk to people or property from flooding as a result of the proposed subdivision and the development does not conflict with the Strategic Framework of the Planning Scheme
Scheme.

Relevant Matters

The proposed development was assessed against the following relevant matters:

• An amendment to the *Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015* has been submitted to the State Government for approval to reduce the level of assessment for new lots created from impact to code assessable when impacted by the flood hazard overlay mapping.

Matters raised in submissions					
2024, in accordance	The proposal was the subject of public notification between 30 September 2024 and 21 October 2024, in accordance with the requirements of the Planning Act 2016 and the Development Assessment Rules, and three (3) submissions were received.				
Increased Traffic	The submitters raised concern that the proposed reconfiguration of a lot will increase vehicle and pedestrian traffic to Mason Street.				
	The proposed development aligns with the requirements of the Access, Parking and Transport Code and the Low Density Residential Zone. Furthermore, any access works being undertaken as a result of the development have been conditioned to comply with all relevant requirements and must obtain an operational works permit prior to construction.				
Proposed driveway location The submitters raised concern that the location of the driveways proposed reconfiguration of a lot will increase the possibility of act and disputes.					
	The proposed development aligns with the requirements of the Access, Parking and Transport Code of the <i>Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme</i> <i>2015.</i> All access works required for the development (e.g. access driveways) have been conditioned to comply with all relevant requirements and must obtain an operational works permit prior to construction.				
Increase to noise, dust & light pollution	The submitters raised concern that the increased vehicles to the area will increase noise, dust and light pollution to surrounding residents.				
	The proposed development does not propose any uses that would generate excessive noise, dust or light pollution that would impact on surrounding residents.				
Devaluation of surrounding	The submitters raised concern that the proposed reconfiguration of a lot and subsequent dwelling houses will decrease surrounding property values.				
properties	Property value is not a matter Council may or must have regard to under the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> when assessing and deciding a development application.				
However, the proposed subdivision is located within an establish residen area and is appropriately zoned for residential development to occur.					

Matters prescribed by regulation

- The Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015 (version 4.4).
- Central Queensland Regional Plan 2013; and
- The common material, being the material submitted with the application.

9. APPEAL RIGHTS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. There may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Appeal by an eligible submitter

An eligible submitter for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the decision to approve the application, to the extent the decision relates to:

- any part of the development application that required impact assessment
- a variation request.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets out the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

10. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

11. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name:	Amanda O'Mara	Signature:		Date:	17 February 2025
	COORDINATOR	g	A Man di A	2	
	DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT		aomara		

Attachment 1 – Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



Attachment 1 – Part 1 Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

Planning Act 2016

- 1.0 <u>ADMINISTRATION</u>
- 1.1 The owner, the owner's successors in title, and any occupier of the premises is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power, or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 Unless otherwise stated, all conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a compliance with condition notice for any operational works required by this development approval:
 - 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction.
 - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 1.3.3 prior to the issue of the Survey Plan Approval Certificate,

unless otherwise stated.

- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the issue of the Survey Plan Approval Certificate, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
 - 1.5.1 Operational Works:
 - (i) Access Works.
 - (ii) Inter-allotment Drainage Works.
- 1.6 All works must be designed, constructed, and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines, and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.7 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant *Australian Standards* and must be approved, supervised, and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.
- 1.8 All development conditions contained in this development approval about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the *Planning Act 2016* should be read as being non-trunk infrastructure conditioned under section 145 of the *Planning Act 2016*, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.9 Street numbering for the development must be in accordance with *Australian/New Zealand Standard for Rural and Urban Addressing (AS4819:2011).* Council will allocate street numbering to the development in accordance with this standard at the time of issuing the Survey Plan Approval Certificate.

2.0 <u>APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS</u>

2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except were amended by any condition of this development approval:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	Date	Reference No.	Version/ Issue
Site Plan	Design direct	29 May 2024	230802	E

2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.

3.0 ACCESS WORKS

- 3.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (access works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any access works required by this development approval.
- 3.2 All access works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), and *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access works).
- 3.3 A 3 metre wide sealed access driveway, for proposed Lots 3 and 4, must be constructed for the full length of the access handles.

4.0 <u>SEWERAGE WORKS</u>

- 4.1 All sewerage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, *Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008*, and *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018.*
- 4.2 All lots within the development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage network via gravity sewerage connections. Each lot must be provided with its own separate sewerage connection point, located wholly within its respective property boundary.

Note: Sewerage service connections (jump-ups) must be provided under Private Works Quote by Fitzroy River Water (FRW).

4.3 Sewer connections / access chambers located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.

5.0 WATER WORKS

- 5.1 All water works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, *Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008*, and *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018.*
- 5.2 All lots within the development must be connected to Council's reticulated water network.
- 5.3 Adequate domestic supply and fire fighting protection must be provided to each proposed lot. A hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person must determine the size of connection required.
- 5.4 Where it is determined under condition 5.3 that adequate fire fighting protection cannot be achieved, a new fire hydrant must be installed within Mason Street fronting the development site.

Note: Water service connections must be provided under Private Works Quote by Fitzroy River Water (FRW).

6.0 STORMWATER WORKS

- 6.1 All stormwater must drain to a demonstrated lawful point of discharge and must not adversely affect surrounding land or infrastructure in comparison to the pre-development conditions, including but not limited to blocking, altering, or diverting existing stormwater runoff patterns or having the potential to cause damage to other infrastructure.
- 6.2 An easement must be provided over the 1% AEP inundation extents within the southeastern corner of proposed Lot 2. Easement documents must accompany the Survey Plan for endorsement by Council, prior to the issue of the Survey Plan Approval Certificate.

7.0 INTER-ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

- 7.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (inter-allotment drainage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any drainage works required by this development approval.
- 7.2 All inter-allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, and sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (inter-allotment drainage works).
- 7.3 Inter-allotment drainage systems and overland flow paths must be wholly contained within an easement and be in accordance with the minimum widths prescribed in the *Capricorn Municipal*

Design Guidelines. Easement documents must accompany the Survey Plan for endorsement by Council, prior to the issue of the Survey Plan Approval Certificate.

8.0 <u>SITE WORKS</u>

- 8.1 All earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with *Australian Standard AS3798 "Guidelines on earthworks for commercial and residential developments".*
- 8.2 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair, or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.

9.0 <u>ELECTRICITY</u>

9.1 Electricity services to each lot must be provided in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.

10.0 <u>TELECOMMUNICATIONS</u>

10.1 Telecommunications services must be provided to each lot in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.

11.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT

- 11.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 11.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway, or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.
- 11.3 'As constructed' information pertaining to assets to be handed over to Council and those which may have an impact on Council's Existing and future assets must be provided prior to the issue of the Survey Plan Approval Certificate. This information must be provided in accordance with the Asset Design and As Constructed Manual (ADAC).

12.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

12.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials, or parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within Mason Street.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Seniors, Disability Services and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Partnerships website www.dsdsatsip.qld.gov.au

NOTE 2. <u>General Environmental Duty</u>

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour, or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction, and operation.

NOTE 3. <u>General Safety of Public During Construction</u>

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 4. <u>Works in Road Reserve Permit</u>

Access driveways for the proposed Lot 1 and 2 can be constructed under works in road reserve permit at building works stage.

NOTE 5. <u>Gravity sewerage connections</u>

Should a gravity sewerage connection be unable to achieve for the proposed Lots please contact council to discuss alternative connection.

NOTE 6. Infrastructure Charges Notice

This application is subject to infrastructure charges in accordance with Council policies. The charges are presented on an Infrastructure Charges Notice.



Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (*Chapter 6*)

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states-
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 (i)either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 (ii)only a tribunal; or
 - (iii)only the P&E Court; and (b) the person—

(i) who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and
(ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
(iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and

- (iv)who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is-
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—
 20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note—

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 (a) the adouted shares itself.
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk intrastructu identified in a LGIP; or
 (ii) the establishment cost of infrastructure decided using the
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is-
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.
- 231 Other appeals
- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section— decision includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.
- **non-appealable**, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—
 - (a) is final and conclusive; and
 - (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
 - (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.



Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

Schedule 1 Appeals

Appeals section 229 1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if—
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter
 - involves-
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)-
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a correspondent in the appeal.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal				
(b) the deemed refusal of (c) a provision of the deve	igainst— t of the development applic the development applicatic lopment approval; or		oval.	
Column 1 AppellantColumn 2 RespondentColumn 3 Co-respondent (if any)Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)				
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence	1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent	

		Table 1	
	Appeals to the P&E Court	and, for certain matters, to	
		agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	 2 If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application
2. Change applicationsAn appeal may be made(a) a responsible entity's(b) a deemed refusal of	s decision for a change ap	plication, other than a deci	sion made by the P&E court; or
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	 A concurrence agency for the development application If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager A private certifier for the development application Any eligible advice agency for the change application Any eligible submitter for the change application
		extension application; or	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent (if any)	Co-respondent by election (if any)
 1 The applicant For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application 	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

4. Infrastructure charges notices

- An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds
- a) The notice involved an error relating to -
 - (i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or
- Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge -
 - The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development
 - Applying an incorrect 'use category', under a regulation, to the development
 - (i) The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or
 - (ii) An offset or refund; or
- b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or
- c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given the timing for giving the refund; or
- d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have
- imposed the amount.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election	
		(if any)	(if any)	
The person given the	The local government	-	-	
Infrastructure charges	that gave the			
notice	infrastructure charges			
	notice			

5. Conversion applications

An appeal may be made against—

(a) the refusal of a conversion application; or

(b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-

6. Enforcement notices

An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

1. Appeals from tribunal

An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under

section 252, on the ground of-

(a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or

(b) jurisdictional error.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-

Table 2
Appeals to the P&E Court only

2. Eligible submitter appeals

An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to— (a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or

(b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 	 1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity 	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application
An appeal may be made include a provision in th (a) any part of the devel required impact asse (b) a variation request.	e development approval, opment application or the ssment; or	development approval, or to the extent the matter re change application, for th	elates to— ne development approval, that
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application 	 For a development application—the assessment manager For a change application—the responsible entity 	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application
(b) a decision under sec		r compensation; or	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-
5. Registered premises			

	Δnneals	Table 2 to the P&E Court only	
An appeal may be made		Minister under chapter 7	′, part 4.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
 1 A person given a decision notice about the decision 2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision 	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises
under a local law about-	– other than a use that is tl	ocal government, or cond ne natural and ordinary co	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-
	Appeal	Table 3 s to the tribunal only	
	against giving a develop	oment approval for buildin ing assessment provision	g work to the extent the building s.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	 1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval 2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval
An appeal may be made	e against a decision unde er than a decision made t		e Act ng and Construction Commission; or
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only				
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-	
			application under the Building Act	
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election	
11	· · ·	(if any)	(if any)	
A person who was	The local government	-	-	
entitled to receive,	to which the			
notice of the decision	application was made			