

Decision Notice Approval

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.2 effective 7 February 2020) made under section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under section 63(2) of the Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/51-2023	Contact:	Kathy McDonald
Notice Date:	12 June 2024	Contact Number:	07 4936 8099

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name:	Austrak Pty Ltd			
Postal address:	C/- Vision Surveys (Qld) Pty Ltd PO BOX 2103 CANNONVALE QLD 4802			
Phone no:	07 4948 3781	Mobile no:	Email: andrea@vsqld.com.au	

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 13 April 2023 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for a Material Change of Use for High Impact Industry (Ancillary Offices, Staff Amenities and Training Facilities)

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	23 Boundary Road, Parkhurst
Real property description:	Lot 1 and 2 on SP340430

Dear Austrak Pty Ltd

I advise that, on 6 June 2024the above development application was: approved in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in **Attachment 1**)

*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

The following approvals are given:

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval	\boxtimes	
- Material change of use		

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	Access and Parking Works
	Stormwater Works
	Roof and Allotment Drainage Works; and
	Site Works
Building Works	
Plumbing and Drainage Works	

4. SUBMISSIONS

Properly made submissions were not made in relation to the application.

5. REFERRAL AGENCIES

The following Referral Agencies were activated by this application.

For an application involving	Name of agency	Role of Agency	Contact Details
STATE TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE	(Generally)		
Schedule 10, Part 9, Division 4, Subdivision transport corridor or that is a future State tra		l change of use	of premises near a State
Development application for a material change of use, other than an excluded material change of use, that is assessable development under a local categorising instrument, if all or part of the premises— (a) are within 25m of a State transport corridor; or (b) are a future State transport corridor; or (c) are— (i) adjacent to a road that intersects with a State-controlled road; and (ii) within 100m of the intersection	The chief executive of the department in which the Planning Act 2016 is administered: State Development, Infrastructure, Local Government and Planning (State	Concurrence	In person: Level 2, 209 Bolsover Street, Rockhampton City Online lodgement using MyDAS2: https://prod2.dev- assess.qld.gov.au/suite/ Email: RockhamptonSARA@dsdi lgp.qld.gov.au Postal: PO Box 113
	Assessment and Referral Agency Department)		Rockhampton Qld 4700

6. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	<u>Date</u>	Reference No.	Version/ Issue
*Austrak Site Expansion	Hartecs Group	18 March 2024	PRJ-0257-02-GN04	С
Landscape Plan	JHLD	5 September 2023	23082 / LCP 02	

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Surface Treatments Plan	JHLD	5 September 2023	23082 / LCP 01	A
Title Page - ATCO Space Rental 12.0 x.3.0m Office 1	ATCO	-	A000	A
Elevations	ATCO	8 October 2021	OF-190-S-A300	А
Title Page - ATCO Space Rental 12.0 x.3.0m Office 2	ATCO	-	A000	A
Elevations	ATCO	8 October 2021	OF-510-S-A300	Α
Title Page - ATCO Space Rental 6.0 x.3.0m Lunchroom	ATCO	-	A000	A
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Elevations	ATCO	10 December 2021	MFT-025-S-A300	А
Stormwater Management Plan and hydraulic Impact Assessment	Premise	10 March 2023	MIS1030/R02	A
Traffic Impact Assessment	Premise	09 March 2023	MIS-1030/R01	А

7. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the *Planning Act*)

In accordance with section 85(1)(a)(ii) of the *Planning Act 2016*, the development approval lapses if the first change of use does not happen within six (6) years after the approval starts to have effect, if not stated otherwise in the conditions of approval attached.

8. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development

Material Change of Use for High Impact Industry (Ancillary Offices, Staff Amenities and Training Facilities)

Reasons for Decision

- a) Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity; and
- b) On balance, the application should be approved because the circumstances favour Council exercising its discretion to approve the application even though the development does not comply with an aspect of the assessment benchmarks.

Assessment Benchmarks

The development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks:

- Local Government Infrastructure Plan;
- Strategic Framework;
- High Impact Industry Zone Code;
- · Access, Parking and Transport Code;
- Landscape Code;
- Stormwater Management Code;
- Waste Management Code; and
- Water and Sewer Code.

Compliance with assessment benchmarks

The development was assessed against all of the assessment benchmarks listed above and complies with all of these with the exceptions listed below.

Assessment Benchmark

Reasons for the approval despite non-compliance with benchmark

High Impact Industry Zone Code

Performance Outcome (PO) 3

The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 3.1 and 3.2 because the ancillary office is not orientated towards the primary street frontage, nor does the development provide for pedestrian entry.

The proposal replaces and relocates existing ancillary uses of the railway sleeper manufacturing operations such as administration offices, staff amenities and training facilities, car park, and storage areas. Visitation by members of the public to the Austrak site is not encouraged and no pedestrian access from the newly realigned Boundary Road will be provided.

Despite this, the buildings will be set back a minimum of six (6) metres from the front road boundary (Boundary Road) and will be orientated towards a central courtyard. Pedestrian access from the car park will be visible from the street and new buildings.

The proposed development will provide a positive contribution to the character of the area via landscaping along the road frontage, within the carpark and the complex perimeter.

Therefore, the development is considered to achieve PO3.

Performance Outcome (PO) 11 (b)

The proposed development does not comply with PO 11 (b) and no Acceptable Outcome (AO) is nominated. The development does not provide a separate pedestrian entry to the site and main building from any vehicular entry points and manoeuvring areas.

As specified above, visitation by members of the public to the Austrak site is not encouraged and no separate pedestrian access to the site will be provided.

The non-compliance with PO11 (b) is considered a low-level conflict. The proposed development complies with the remainder of the built form additional provisions, therefore, on balance the development is considered to achieve PO11.

Performance Outcome (PO) 21

The proposed development presents conflicts with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 21.1 (b) as the Gross Floor Area (GFA) of the buildings is greater than twenty-five (25)

square metres involving activities ancillary to the primary use of the premises (High Impact Industry).

The proposal replaces and relocates existing ancillary uses of the railway sleeper manufacturing operations such as administration offices, staff amenities and training facilities, car park, and storage areas. The relocation is necessitated by the Rockhampton Ring Road and the realignment of Boundary Road which resumes the land comprising the existing administrative facilities.

The relocation of these facilities is not anticipated to impact on the nearby character of the locality as appropriate separation is maintained. The nearest residential use is located approximately 800 metres to the southeast.

The relocation of the structures and car parking area will not result in any changes to the overall activities, traffic, staff numbers or hours of operation. The increase in GFA is approximately 333 square metres, having regard to the scale and visibility of the existing High Impact Industry activities on the subject site, this is a minimal increase.

As such, the development can be undertaken with no amenity impacts on nearby residential zones, rural residential zones or existing sensitive land uses and is considered to align with the purpose of the zone and Parkhurst Precinct.

Relevant Matters

The proposed development was not assessed against any relevant matters outside of the matters prescribed by regulation.

Matters raised in submissions

The proposal was the subject of public notification between 2 April 2024 and 22 April 2024, in accordance with the requirements of the Planning Act 2016 and the Development Assessment Rules, and no submissions were received.

Matters prescribed by regulation

- The Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015 (version 2.2); and
- · Central Queensland Regional Plan 2013;
- TPC/2348-1900 Town Planning Consent for the Establishment of a Manufacturing Plant Concrete Railway Sleepers;
- TPC/24-1996 Town Planning Consent for the Extension to Existing Concrete Sleeper Plant;
- D/23-2015 Preliminary Approval (section 241) for a Material Change of Use for a Transport Terminal, Medium Impact Industry; and
- The common material, being the material submitted with the application.

9. APPEAL RIGHTS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. There may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets out the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

10. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

11. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name: Amanda O'Mara Signature: Date: 12 June 2024

COORDINATOR
DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT

C/C State Development, Infrastructure, Local Government and Planning (State Assessment and Referral Agency Department) - RockhamptonSARA@dsdilgp.qld.gov.au

Attachment 1 - Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Part 2 - Conditions required by the referral agency response

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



Attachment 1 – Part 1 Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

Planning Act 2016

1.0 ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The owner, the owner's successors in title, and any occupier of the premises is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
 - 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction;
 - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 1.3.3 prior to the commencement of the use,

unless otherwise stated.

- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the commencement of the use, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
 - 1.5.1 Operational Works:
 - (i) Access and Parking Works;
 - (ii) Stormwater Works;
 - (iii) Roof and Allotment Drainage; and
 - (iv) Site Works;
 - 1.5.2 Plumbing and Drainage Works; and
 - 1.5.3 Building Works:
- 1.6 All Development Permits for Operational Works and Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 1.7 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.8 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant Australian Standards and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.
- 1.9 All development conditions contained in this development approval about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the *Planning Act 2016* should be read as being non-trunk infrastructure conditioned under section 145 of the *Planning Act 2016*, unless otherwise stated.
- 2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS
- 2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this development approval:

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*Austrak Site Expansion	Hartecs Group	18 March 2024	PRJ-0257-02- GN04	С
Landscape Plan	JHLD	5 September 2023	23082 / LCP 02	
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Traffic Impact Assessment	Premise	09 March 2023	MIS-1030/R01	А

^{*}Realigned Boundary Road and proposed internal road (mentioned as DTMR Proposed Road in drawing) is not part of this development.

- 2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.
- 3.0 ACCESS AND PARKING WORKS
- 3.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any access and parking works on the development site.
- 3.2 All access and parking works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities" and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 3.3 All access, car parking and vehicle manoeuvring areas must be paved or sealed to Council's satisfaction. Design and construction must be in accordance with the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 3.4 The existing access to the development must be maintained until the new section of realigned Boundary Road has been fully constructed and accepted by the Department of Transport and Main Roads as being open to the public. At which time the existing eastern access must be closed and a new western access must be provided. The new access must be provided to the west of the proposed carpark area, generally in accordance with the approved plans (refer condition 2.1). This new access will be privately owned and maintained.
- 3.5 In the interim, temporary bollards (including water-filled barriers and the like) must be provided at the vicinity of the proposed cross drainage structure (1200 millimetres by 375 millimetres Reinforced Concrete Box Culvert (RCBC)) to deter traffic from accessing Boundary Road via unconstructed land to the west. Once the realigned Boundary Road is open to the public, any access restriction can be removed in conjunction with the new access provision as per condition 3.4.
- 3.6 Any redundant vehicular crossovers, where required, must be replaced by Council standard kerb and channel.
- 3.7 All vehicles must ingress and egress the development in a forward gear.
- 3.8 Adequate sight distances must be provided for all ingress and egress movements at the access driveways in accordance with *Australian Standard AS2890.2 "Parking facilities Off street commercial vehicle facilities"*.
- 3.9 A minimum of thirty-nine (39) car parking spaces must be provided on-site. This includes one (1) universal access parking space.
- 3.10 Universal access parking spaces must be provided on-site in accordance with Australian Standard AS2890.6 "Parking facilities Off-street parking for people with disabilities".
- 3.11 Parking spaces must be line-marked in accordance with the approved plan (refer to condition 2.1) and in accordance with the *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 3.12 All vehicle operations associated with the development must be directed by suitable directional, informative, regulatory or warning signs in accordance with Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices" and Australian Standard AS2890.1 "Parking facilities Off-street car parking".
- 3.13 Signage and pavement markings must be installed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices"*.
- 3.14 All vehicle operation areas must be illuminated in accordance with the requirements of *Australian Standard AS1158 "Lighting for roads and public spaces"*.
- 3.15 All internal pedestrian pathways must be designed and constructed in accordance with Australian Standard AS1428 "Design for access and mobility".

4.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS

- 4.1 All internal plumbing and drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018, Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies and the provisions of a Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works.
- 4.2 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage and water networks.
- 4.3 The existing sewerage and water connection point(s) must be retained, and upgraded if necessary, to service the development.
- 4.4 Adequate domestic and fire-fighting protection must be provided to the development, and must be certified by an hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person.
- 4.5 Sewer connections and water meter boxes located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.
- 4.6 Alteration, disconnection or relocation of internal plumbing and sanitary drainage works associated with the existing building must be in accordance with regulated work under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018* and Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies.
- 4.7 Sewerage trade waste permits must be obtained for the discharge of any non-domestic waste into Council's reticulated sewerage network. Arrestor traps must be provided where commercial or non-domestic waste is proposed to be discharged into the sewer system.

5.0 STORMWATER WORKS

- 5.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any stormwater works required by this development approval.
- 5.2 All stormwater drainage works must be designed and constructed generally in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) subject to ensuring compliance and any alterations required by the *Environmental Protection Act 1992*, *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual*, *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works).
- 5.3 All stormwater must drain to a lawful point of discharge and must not adversely affect surrounding land or infrastructure in comparison to the pre-development conditions, including but not limited to blocking, altering or diverting existing stormwater runoff patterns or having the potential to cause an actionable nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- 5.4 The development must not increase peak stormwater runoff for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability storm event, for the post-development conditions.

6.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

- 6.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any drainage works on the development site.
- 6.2 All roof and allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works).
- 6.3 All roof and allotment runoff from the development must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause an actionable nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.

7.0 SITE WORKS

- 7.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (site works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any site works on the development site.
- 7.2 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (site works) must be accompanied by an earthworks plan that clearly identifies the following:
 - 7.2.1 the location of cut and/or fill;
 - 7.2.2 the type of fill to be used and the manner in which it is to be compacted;
 - 7.2.3 the quantum of fill to be deposited or removed and finished cut and/or fill levels;
 - 7.2.4 details of any proposed access routes that are intended to be used to transport fill to or from the development site; and
 - 7.2.5 the maintenance of access roads to and from the development site so that they are free of all cut and/or fill material and cleaned as necessary.
- 7.3 All earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with Australian Standard AS3798 "Guidelines on earthworks for commercial and residential developments".
- 7.4 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- 7.5 All retaining structures above one (1) metre in height requires a separate building approval and certification by a *Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland*.
- 8.0 BUILDING WORKS
- 8.1 A Development Permit for Building Works assessable under the Building Assessment Provisions must be obtained prior to the commencement of any building works on the site.
- 8.2 All building works must be undertaken in accordance with *Queensland Development Code, Mandatory Part 1.4 "Building over or near relevant infrastructure."*
- 8.3 Any lighting devices associated with the development, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the development site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents and motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with Australian Standard AS4282 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting".
- 8.4 At least thirty (30) percentage of the gross floor area of all new building(s) and structure(s) must be located a minimum of 500 millimetres above a one percent (1%) Annual Exceedance Probability flood inundation level.
- 8.5 All non-habitable areas subjected to flood inundation during a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability flood event, must be designed and constructed using suitable flood resilient materials.
- 8.6 All electrical and telecommunication services and utilities connected to the property, including electrical outlets, must be designed and installed at such a height that they are a minimum of 500 millimetres above a one per cent (1%) Annual Exceedance Probability flood inundation level.
- 8.7 Any application for a Development Permit for Building Works must be accompanied by a detailed structural engineering report and a building certificate prepared by a suitably qualified *Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland*, which demonstrates that the building has been designed to withstand the forces created by floodwaters and debris loading.
- 8.8 Impervious paved waste storage area/s must be provided in accordance with the Environmental Protection Regulation 2019 and must be:
 - 8.8.1 designed and located so as not to cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties;

- 8.8.2 aesthetically screened or concealed from public view such that the contents of the waste storage area are not visible from any public place; and
- 8.8.3 setback a minimum of two (2) metres from any road frontage.

9.0 LANDSCAPING

- 9.1 Landscaping must be constructed and/or established prior to the commencement of the use in all areas shown on the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1).
- 9.2 Landscaping must be designed in accordance with the requirements of *Australian Standard AS 1428 Design for access and mobility.*
- 9.3 At least fifty (50) per cent of all new plantings within the landscaping areas (refer to condition 2.1) must be locally native species with low water dependency and must comply with the following requirements:
 - 9.3.1 Plant species are chosen from sources recommended in *Planning Scheme Policy SC6.12 Landscape Design and Street Trees Planning Scheme Policy*; and
 - 9.3.2 Plant species must not include undesirable species identified in *Planning Scheme Policy SC6.12 Landscape Design and Street Trees Planning Scheme Policy*.
- 9.4 Shade trees within car parking areas are to be provided and planted within a deep natural ground/structured soil garden bed/island/bay and are protected by wheel stops or bollards as required.
- 9.5 Landscaping, or any part thereof, upon reaching full maturity, must not:
 - 9.5.1 obstruct sight visibility zones as defined in the Austroads 'Guide to Traffic Engineering Practice' series of publications;
 - 9.5.2 adversely affect any road lighting or public space lighting; or
 - 9.5.3 adversely affect any Council infrastructure, or public utility plant.
- 9.6 The landscaped areas must be subject to:
 - 9.6.1 a watering and maintenance plan during the establishment moment; and
 - 9.6.2 an ongoing maintenance and replanting programme.
- 10.0 ELECTRICITY
- 10.1 Electricity services must be provided in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.
- 11.0 TELECOMMUNICATIONS
- 11.1 Telecommunications services must be provided to the development in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.
- 12.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT
- 12.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 12.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.
- 13.0 **ENVIRONMENTAL**
- 13.1 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works must be accompanied by an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan that addresses, but is not limited to, the following:

- (i) objectives;
- (ii) site location and topography;
- (iii) vegetation;
- (iv) site drainage;
- (v) soils;
- (vi) erosion susceptibility;
- (vii) erosion risk;
- (viii) concept;
- (ix) design; and
- (x) implementation,

for each phase of the development including site clearing, bulk earthworks, civil construction, installation of services and final stabilisation.

- 13.2 The Erosion Control and Stormwater Control Management Plan prepared and certified by suitably qualified person (Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control or a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland) in accordance with the State Planning Policy 2017 and Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines requirements, must be:
 - implemented, monitored and maintained for the duration of the works, and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydromulched, concreted, landscaped); and
 - 13.2.2 available on-site for inspection by Council Officers whilst all works are being carried out.

Note: Where engineering structures, either temporary or permanent, such as basins, channels, inlets, outlets and spillways etc form part of an Erosion and Sediment Control plan, the design and inspection of the structures must be undertaken by a *Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland*.

14.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

- 14.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials or parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within Boundary Road or McLaughlin Street.
- 14.2 Operations on the development site must have no significant impact as determined by Council on the amenity of adjoining premises or the surrounding area due to the emission of light, noise, odour or dust.
- 14.3 All waste storage areas must be:
 - 14.3.1 kept in a clean and tidy condition;
 - 14.3.2 fences and screens are maintained; and
 - 14.3.3 maintained in accordance with *Environmental Protection Regulation 2019*.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is

available on the Department of Seniors, Disability Services and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Partnerships website www.dsdsatsip.qld.gov.au

NOTE 2. Asbestos Removal

Any demolition and/or removal works involving asbestos materials must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and *Public Health Act 2005*.

NOTE 3. General Environmental Duty

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 4. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 5. <u>Infrastructure Charges Notice</u>

This application is subject to infrastructure charges in accordance with Council policies. The charges are presented on an Infrastructure Charges Notice.



Attachment 1 – Part 2
Referral Agency Conditions – State
Development, Infrastructure, Local
Government and Planning (State
Assessment and Referral Agency
Department) Planning Act 2016



Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (Chapter 6)

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states-
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 - (i)either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii)only a tribunal; or
 - (iii)only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i)who may appeal a matter (the appellant); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii)who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter;
 - (iv)who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is-
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice— 20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note-

- See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.
- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund-
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph
 (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is-
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section— decision includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.
- non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—
 - (a) is final and conclusive; and
 - (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
 - (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.



Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

Schedule 1

Appeals section 229

1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if-
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a corespondent in the appeal.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal					
1. Development applications An appeal may be made against— (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or (c) a provision of the development approval; or (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.					
Column 1	Column 1 Column 2 Column 3 Column 4				
Appellant Respondent Co-respondent Co-respondent by election (if any)					
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence	A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent		

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
	agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	2 If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application	

2. Change applications

- An appeal may be made against—

 (a) a responsible entity's decision for a change application, other than a decision made by the P&E court; or

 (b) a deemed refusal of a change application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	 A concurrence agency for the development application If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager A private certifier for the development application Any eligible advice agency for the change application Any eligible submitter for the change application

3. Extension applications

- An appeal may be made against—

 (a) the assessment manager's decision about an extension application; or
 (b) a deemed refusal of an extension application.

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Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)	
1 1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager	

Table 1

Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

4. Infrastructure charges notices

An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds

- a) The notice involved an error relating to -
 - (i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or

Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge -

- The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development
- Applying an incorrect 'use category', under a regulation, to the development
 - (i) The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or
- (ii) An offset or refund; or
- b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or
- c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given the timing for giving the refund; or
- d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-

5. Conversion applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) the refusal of a conversion application; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-

6. Enforcement notices

An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

1. Appeals from tribunal

An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—

- (a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or
- (b) jurisdictional error.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

2. Eligible submitter appeals

An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to—

(a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals

An appeal may be made against a provision of a development approval, or failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to—

- (a) any part of the development application or the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment; or
- (b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

4. Compensation claims

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or
- (b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or
- (c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-

5. Registered premises

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 A person given a decision notice about the decision 2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises

6. Local laws

An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about—

- (a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or
- (b) the erection of a building or other structure.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only

1. Building advisory agency appeals

An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval A private certifier for the development application related to the approval

- 3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act
- An appeal may be made against a decision under—
- (a) the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
- (b) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only			
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-
4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The local government to which the application was made	-	-