

# **Decision Notice Approval**

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.2 effective 7 February 2020) made under section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under section 63(2) of the Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/78-2024	Contact:	Sophie Muggeridge
Notice Date:	30 September 2024	Contact Number:	07 4936 8099

#### **APPLICANT DETAILS**

Name:	Booth Transport Pty Ltd		
Postal address:	C/- Adams + Sparkes Town Planning PO BOX 1000		
	BUDDINA QLD 4575		
Phone no:	07 5231 3200	Mobile no: N/A	Email: admin@astpd.com.au

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 24 June 2024 and confirm the following:

#### DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

#### Development Permit for Material Change of Use for a Transport Depot

#### PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	261 Somerset Road and 18 Enterprise Drive, Gracemere
Real property description:	Lots 2 and 7 on SP296907

#### Dear Booth Transport Pty Ltd,

I advise that, on 20 September 2024 the above development application was:

approved in full with conditions\* (refer to the conditions contained in **Attachment 1**)

\*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

#### 1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

The following approvals are given:

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval	$\boxtimes$	
- Material change of use		

#### 2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

#### 3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Rockhampton Regional Council, PO Box 1860, Rockhampton Q 4700 | Phone 4932 9000 | Fax 1300 22 55 79 Email enquiries@rrc.qld.gov.au | Web www.rockhamptonregion.qld.gov.au

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	Access and Parking Works
	Stormwater Works
	Site Works
	Roof and Allotment Drainage Works
Building Works	
Plumbing and Drainage Works	

#### 4. REFERRAL AGENCIES - NIL

#### 5. THE APPROVED PLANS

# The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	Date	Reference <u>No.</u>	<u>Version/</u> Issue
Engineering Services Report	Davey Engineering Solution	24 June 2024	2416	A
Stage 1 Layout Plan	Davey Engineering Solution	4 August 2024	24-15-SK1A	D
Stage 2 Layout Plan	Davey Engineering Solution	4 August 2024	24-15-SK1	D
A-Double (36.2m) – Turn Path Plan - 1	Davey Engineering Solution	4 August 2024	24-15-SK2	D
A-Double (36.2m) – Turn Path Plan - 2	Davey Engineering Solution	4 August 2024	24-15-SK3	D
A-Double (36.2m) – Turn Path Plan - 3	Davey Engineering Solution	4 August 2024	24-15-SK4	D
Stormwater Layout Plan	Davey Engineering Solution	4 August 2024	24-15-SK5	D
Ground Floor & Mezzanine Floor	Designworkz	20 June 2024	AR1481	A.0200
Roof Plan	Designworkz	20 June 2024	AR1481	A.0201
Elevation E-01 & E-02	Designworkz	20 June 2024	AR1481	A.0300
Elevation E-03 & E-04	Designworkz	20 June 2024	AR1481	A.0301

#### 6. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the *Planning Act*)

In accordance with section 85(1)(a)(ii) of the *Planning Act 2016*, the development approval lapses if the first change of use does not happen within six (6) years after the approval starts to have effect, if not stated otherwise in the conditions of approval attached.

#### 7. STATEMENT OF REASONS

#### Description of the development

Material Change of Use for a Transport Depot

#### Reasons for Decision

Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity.

#### Assessment Benchmarks

The development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks:

- Local Government Infrastructure Plan;
- High Impact Industry Zone Code;
- Access, Parking and Transport Code;
- Landscape Code;
- Stormwater Management Code;
- Waste Management Code;
- Water and Sewer Code; and
- Flood Hazard Overlay Code.

#### Compliance with assessment benchmarks

The development was assessed against all of the assessment benchmarks listed above and wholly complies without exception.

#### **Relevant Matters**

Not applicable to an assessable development application subject to code assessment.

#### Matters prescribed by regulation

- The Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015 (version 4.4);
- The common material, being the material submitted with the application.

#### 8. APPEAL RIGHTS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. There may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

#### Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets out the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

#### 9. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

#### 10. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name:	Amanda O'Mara COORDINATOR	Signature:	Aomara	Date:	30 September 2024
	DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT		allower		

#### Attachment 1 – Conditions of the approval

**Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager** [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



### Attachment 1 – Part 1 Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

Planning Act 2016

#### 1.0 ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The owner, the owner's successors in title, and any occupier of the premises is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
  - 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction.
  - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
  - 1.3.3 prior to the commencement of the use,

unless otherwise stated.

- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the commencement of the use, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
  - 1.5.1 Operational Works:
    - (i) Access and Parking Works.
    - (ii) Stormwater Works.
    - (iii) Roof and Allotment Drainage.
    - (iv) Site Works.
  - 1.5.2 Plumbing and Drainage Works; and
  - 1.5.3 Building Works.
- 1.6 All Development Permits for Operational Works and Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 1.7 All works must be designed, constructed, and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines, and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.8 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant Australian Standards and must be approved, supervised, and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.
- 1.9 Lot 2 on SP296907 and Lot 7 on SP296907 must be amalgamated and registered as one lot prior to the commencement of the use.
- 1.10 All development conditions contained in this development approval about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the *Planning Act 2016* should be read as being non-trunk infrastructure conditioned under section 145 of the *Planning Act 2016*, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.11 All new infrastructure must be located completely outside of the easement located within the development site.
- 2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS
- 2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except were amended by any condition of this development approval:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	Date	Reference No.	<u>Version/</u> <u>Issue</u>
Engineering Services Report	Davey Engineering Solution	24 June 2024	2416	А
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A-Double (36.2m) – Turn Path Plan - 2	Davey Engineering Solution	4 August 2024	24-15-SK3	D
A-Double (36.2m) – Turn Path Plan - 3	Davey Engineering Solution	4 August 2024	24-15-SK4	D
Stormwater Layout Plan	Davey Engineering Solution	4 August 2024	24-15-SK5	D
Ground Floor & Mezzanine Floor	Designworkz	20 June 2024	AR1481	A.0200
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Elevation E-03 & E- 04	Designworkz	20 June 2024	AR1481	A.0301

2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.

#### 3.0 STAGED DEVELOPMENT

- 3.1 This development approval is for a development to be undertaken in Two (2) discrete stages, namely:
  - 3.1.1 Stage One includes:
    - 3.1.1.1 Temporary Structures,
    - 3.1.1.2 Sealed entry and exit driveway crossovers,
    - 3.1.1.3 Gravel hardstand across both lots,
    - 3.1.1.4 Perimeter landscaping to site frontage,
    - 3.1.1.5 Concrete pad 60 metres x three (3) metres to allow the unhooking of the trailers onto stable foundation; and
    - 3.1.1.6 Three (3) vehicle parking spaces.
  - 3.1.2 Stage Two includes:
    - 3.1.2.1 Twelve (12) vehicle parking spaces,
    - 3.1.2.2 Sealed hardstand around perimeter of building,
    - 3.1.2.3 Construction of building (46 metres x 35 metres) which includes:
      - (i) Two (2) x workshop bays,

- (ii) One (1) x wash bay,
- (iii) One (1) x tyre bay,
- (iv) Plant room,
- (v) Admin office and amenities; and
- (vi) Mezzanine level including additional offices & amenities,

in accordance with the approved plan (refer to condition 2.1).

- 3.2 Stage One must be completed prior to any other stage.
- 3.3 Unless otherwise expressly stated, the conditions must be read as being applicable to all stages.
- 3.4 The currency period for both stages is six (6) years from the date this approval takes effect.

#### 4.0 ACCESS AND PARKING WORKS

- 4.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any access and parking works on the development site.
- 4.2 All access and parking works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, and Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities" and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.3 All car parking, internal access, vehicle manoeuvring, and vehicle storage areas must be paved or sealed to Council's satisfaction. Design and construction must be in accordance with the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.1 A new "Entry only" access to the development site must be provided from Somerset Road prior to the commencement of Stage One.
- 4.2 A new "Exit only" access from the development site must be provided from Enterprise Drive prior to the commencement of Stage One.
- 4.3 Any redundant vehicular crossovers must be replaced by Council standard kerb and channel.
- 4.4 All vehicles must ingress and egress the development in a forward gear.
- 4.5 Adequate sight distances must be provided for all ingress and egress movements at the access driveways in accordance with Australian Standard AS2890.2 "Parking facilities Off street commercial vehicle facilities".
- 4.6 A minimum of three (3) vehicle parking spaces must be provided on site prior to the commencement of Stage One and an additional twelve (12) vehicle parking spaces must be provided on site prior to the commencement of Stage Two, resulting in a total of fifteen (15) parking spaces for the development.
- 4.7 A minimum of eight (8) truck parking spaces must be provided on site prior to the commencement of Stage One.
- 4.8 Universal access parking spaces must be provided on-site in accordance with Australian Standard AS2890.6 "Parking facilities Off-street parking for people with disabilities".
- 4.9 Parking spaces must be line-marked in accordance with the approved Site Plan (refer to condition 2.1) and in accordance with the Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities" and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.10 All vehicle operations associated with the development must be directed by suitable directional, informative, regulatory, or warning signs in accordance with Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices" and Australian Standard AS2890.1 "Parking facilities Off-streetcar parking".
- 4.11 Road signage and pavement markings must be installed in accordance with Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices".
- 4.12 All internal pedestrian pathways must be designed and constructed in accordance with Australian Standard AS1428 "Design for access and mobility".
- 4.13 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be accompanied by detailed and scaled plans, which demonstrate the turning movements/swept paths of the largest vehicle to access the development site including refuse collection vehicles.

#### 5.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS

- 5.1 A Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained for the removal and/or demolition of any existing structure on the development site.
- 5.2 All internal plumbing and drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018, and Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies and the provisions of a Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works.
- 5.3 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage and water networks.
- 5.4 The existing sewerage and water connection point(s) must be retained, and upgraded, if necessary, to service the development.
- 5.5 Adequate domestic and firefighting protection must be provided to the development and must be certified by a hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person.
- 5.6 Sewer connections and water meter boxes located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.
- 5.7 Sewerage trade waste permits must be obtained for the discharge of any non-domestic waste into Council's sewerage reticulation network. Arrestor traps must be provided where commercial or non-domestic waste is proposed to be discharged into the sewer system.

#### 6.0 STORMWATER WORKS

- 6.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any stormwater works required by this development approval.
- 6.2 All stormwater drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) subject to ensuring compliance and any alterations required by the Environmental Protection Act 1992, Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, and sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works).
- 6.3 All stormwaters must drain to a lawful point of discharge and must not adversely affect surrounding land or infrastructure in comparison to the pre-development conditions, including but not limited to blocking, altering, or diverting existing stormwater runoff patterns or having the potential to cause damage to other infrastructure.
- 6.4 The development must not increase peak stormwater runoff for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability storm event, for the post-development conditions.
- 6.5 The installation of gross pollutant traps must be in accordance with relevant Australian Standards and all maintenance of the proposed gross pollutant traps must be the responsibility of the property owner or body corporate (if applicable).
- 6.6 All proprietary stormwater quality treatment devices must be routinely checked, serviced and cleaned in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Records of all maintenance activities undertaken must be kept and made available to Council upon request. Where replacement cartridges or other necessary components for the system become unavailable, an alternative system approved by Council, is required to be retrofitted into the development to achieve an equivalent pollutant reduction outcome. All maintenance cost must be borne by the site owner.
- 6.7 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be accompanied by:
  - 6.7.1 engineering plans with details of any new drainage systems including retention systems, inlet and outlet structures, or the amendment and upgrading of existing drainage systems to implement the proposed drainage strategy; and
  - 6.7.2 demonstrate that how the changing in flow regime (post development concentrated flow) will not cause an actionable nuisance to surrounding land or infrastructure (channel).
- 7.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS
- 7.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any drainage works on the development site.

- 7.2 All roof and allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, and sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works).
- 7.3 All roof and allotment runoff from the development must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair, or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause a nuisance to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- 8.0 <u>SITE WORKS</u>
- 8.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (site works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any site works on the development site.
- 8.2 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (site works) must be accompanied by an earthworks plan that clearly identifies the following:
  - 8.2.1 the location of cut and/or fill.
  - 8.2.2 the type of fill to be used and the way it is to be compacted.
  - 8.2.3 the quantum of fill to be deposited or removed and finished cut and/or fill levels.
  - 8.2.4 details of any proposed access routes that are intended to be used to transport fill to or from the development site; and
  - 8.2.5 the maintenance of access roads to and from the development site so that they are free of all cuts and/or fill material and cleaned as necessary.
- 8.3 All earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with Australian Standard AS3798 "Guidelines on earthworks for commercial and residential developments".
- 8.4 All retaining structures above one (1) metre in height requires separate building approval and certification by a *Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland*.
- 8.5 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.
- 8.6 All site works must be undertaken to ensure that there is:
  - 8.6.1 no increase in upstream or downstream flood levels for all levels of immunity up to a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability flood event.
  - 8.6.2 no increase in velocity profiles, for which no remedy exists to prevent erosion and/or scouring. If modelling shows non-compliance with the above, works must be undertaken within the system to satisfy the above criteria for development; and
  - 8.6.3 a lawful point of discharge to which the approved works drain during construction phase.
- 9.0 BUILDING WORKS
- 9.1 A Development Permit for Building Works assessable under the Building Assessment Provisions must be obtained prior to the commencement of any building works on the site.
- 9.2 Impervious paved waste storage area/s must be provided in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) and the Environmental Protection Regulation 2019 and must be:
  - 9.2.1 designed and located so as not to cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties.
  - 9.2.2 surrounded by at least a 1.8-metre-high screen fence that obstructs from view the contents of the waste storage area by any member of the public from any public place.
  - 9.2.3 of a sufficient size to accommodate commercial type bins that will be serviced by a commercial contractor plus clearances around the bins for manoeuvring and cleaning.
  - 9.2.4 setback a minimum of two (2) metres from any road frontage; and
  - 9.2.5 provided with a suitable hosecock and hoses at the refuse container area, and washdown must be drained to the sewer and fitted with an approved stormwater diversion valve arrangement in accordance with the Sewerage Trade Waste provisions and the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*.

Note: As an alternative to a washdown facility, a fully contained commercial bin cleaning service is acceptable provided no wastewater is discharged from the site to the sewer.

- 9.3 Any lighting devices associated with the development, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the development site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents and motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with Australian Standard AS4282 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting".
- 9.4 A 2.8 metre chain link safety fence must be erected along all property boundaries in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1).

#### 10.0 LANDSCAPING WORKS

- 10.1 Landscaping must be constructed and/or established prior to the commencement of the use in all areas shown on the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1).
- 10.2 Landscaping must be designed in accordance with the requirements of *Australian Standard AS* 1428 *Design for access and mobility.*
- 10.3 Planting types used within the landscaping areas (refer to condition 2.1) must include either trees, shrubs or groundcovers, or any combination of these planting types. These plantings must be established and maintained generally at the following density rates:
  - 10.3.1 trees at five (5) metre intervals;
  - 10.3.2 shrubs at two (2) metre intervals; and
  - 10.3.3 groundcovers at one (1) metre intervals.
- 10.4 At least fifty (50) per cent of all new plantings within the landscaping areas (refer to condition 2.1) must be locally native species with low water dependency and must comply with the following requirements:
  - 10.4.1 Plant species are chosen from sources recommended in *Planning Scheme Policy SC6.12* – *Landscape Design and Street Trees Planning Scheme Policy;* and
  - 10.4.2 Plant species must not include undesirable species identified in *Planning Scheme Policy* SC6.12 – Landscape Design and Street Trees Planning Scheme Policy.
- 10.5 Landscaping, or any part thereof, upon reaching full maturity, must not:
  - 10.5.1 obstruct sight visibility zones as defined in the Austroads 'Guide to Traffic Engineering Practice' series of publications;
  - 10.5.2 adversely affect any road lighting or public space lighting; or
  - 10.5.3 adversely affect any Council infrastructure, or public utility plant.
- 10.6 The landscaped areas must be subject to:
  - 10.6.1 a watering and maintenance plan during the establishment moment; and
  - 10.6.2 an ongoing maintenance and replanting programme.
- 11.0 ELECTRICITY
- 11.1 Underground electricity services must be provided in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.
- 11.2 A Certificate of Electricity Supply from the relevant service provider must be provided to Council, prior to the commencement of the use.

#### 12.0 TELECOMMUNICATIONS

12.1 Telecommunications services must be provided to the development in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.

#### 13.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT

- 13.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 13.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway, or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.

#### 14.0 ENVIRONMENTAL

- 14.1 The Erosion Control and Stormwater Control Management Plan prepared and certified by suitably qualified person (*Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control or a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland*), with appropriate knowledge and experience in erosion and sediment control design and implementation, in accordance with the *State Planning Policy 2017* and *Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines* requirements, must be:
  - Implemented, monitored, and maintained for the duration of the works, and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydro mulched, concreted, landscaped); and
  - Available on-site for inspection by Council Officers whilst all works are being carried out.

#### 15.0 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

- 15.1 Noise emitted from the activity must not cause an environmental nuisance.
- 15.2 Operations on the site must have no significant impact on the amenity of adjoining premises or the surrounding area due to the emission of light, noise or dust.
- 15.3 When requested by Council, nuisance monitoring must be undertaken and recorded within three (3) months, to investigate any genuine complaint of nuisance caused by noise, light or dust. An analysis of the monitoring data and a report, including nuisance mitigation measures, must be provided to Council within fourteen (14) days of the completion of the investigation.
- 15.4 Stormwater must be prevented from entering contaminated work areas. Any stormwater which may enter into a contaminated area must not be drained to the stormwater drainage system.
- 15.5 Soil/silt must be prevented from being moved off the site by stormwater by such practicable means as may be necessary.
- 15.6 No contaminants are permitted to be released to land or water, including soil, silt, oils, detergents, etc. Any wash-down areas used for the maintenance or cleaning of equipment (including vehicles) must be appropriately bunded and drained to the sewer network in accordance with a trade waste permit.
- 15.7 All chemicals and/or environmentally hazardous liquids must be contained within a covered, bunded storage area that has a volume of at least that of the largest container in the bund plus twenty-five percent (25%) of the total storage capacity.
- 15.8 An appropriate spill kit must be kept on-site for neutralising or decontaminating spills. The spill kit must be clearly identifiable, maintained regularly and stored in a central location that is easily accessible to employees. Staff must be adequately trained in the use of these materials. The spill kit may consist of:
  - 15.8.1 a bin with a tight-fitting lid, partially filled with non-combustible absorbent material such as vermiculite;
  - 15.8.2 a broom, shovel, face shield, chemically-resistant boots and gloves; and
  - 15.8.3 waste bags and ties.
- 15.9 Any spillage of environmentally hazardous liquids or other materials must be cleaned up as quickly as practicable. Any spillage of waste and/or contaminants must not be hosed or swept to any stormwater drainage system, roadside gutter or waters.
- 15.10 Regulated waste and any other waste must not be released to the environment, stored, transferred or disposed of in such a manner that it will or may cause environmental harm or nuisance. This includes any waste being burnt or incinerated at the premises.
- 15.11 All traceable regulated waste must be removed from the premises by a licensed regulated waste transporter.
- 15.12 Where regulated waste is removed from the premises, records must be maintained for a period of five (5) years, and include the following:
  - 15.12.1 the date, quantity and type of waste removed;
  - 15.12.2 a copy of any licensed waste transport vehicle dockets;
  - 15.12.3 the name of the licensed regulated waste removalist and/or disposal operator; and
  - 15.12.4 the intended treatment and/or disposal destination of the waste.

These records must be available for inspection by Council when requested.

- 15.13 No metal surface coating will be permitted other than the following:
  - 15.13.1 Brushed finishes achieved by a hand brush with bristles; and/or
  - 15.13.2 Using hand held aerosol cans where the can and spray device forms one disposable unit and the can holds less than one (1) litre of product.
- 15.14 The workshop must have an impervious floor that is adequately bunded and drains to a holding tank or the sewer through an approved oil interceptor/separation system.

#### 16.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

- 16.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials or parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within Somerset Road, or Enterprise Drive.
- 16.2 No washing of plant equipment and vehicles is permitted on the development site unless undertaken in an approved washdown bay (refer to condition 2.1) to prevent contamination of land and the stormwater system.
- 16.3 No kerbside collection is permitted for waste bins. All waste must be stored and collected within the site.
- 16.4 All waste storage areas must be:
  - 16.4.1 kept in a clean and tidy condition; and
  - 16.4.2 maintained in accordance with Environmental Protection Regulation 2019.

#### ADVISORY NOTES

#### NOTE 1. <u>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage</u>

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Seniors, Disability Services and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Partnerships website www.dsdsatsip.qld.gov.au

#### NOTE 2. <u>General Environmental Duty</u>

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

#### NOTE 3. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

#### NOTE 4. Infrastructure Charges Notice

This application is subject to infrastructure charges in accordance with Council policies. The charges are presented on an Infrastructure Charges Notice.

#### NOTE 5. Rating Category

Please note, a Material Change of Use approval may result in an adjustment to a property's rating category. Please contact Council's Rates Department should you require further information.

#### NOTE 6. <u>Advertising Devices</u>

Any Advertising device associated with or attached to the development must be carried out in accordance with Council's Planning Scheme.

NOTE 7. Landscaping

Council approval must be obtained prior to the removal of or interference with street trees located on Council land. Approval has been granted for two (2) palms on Somerset Road and one (1) Peltophorum Tree on Enterprise Drive as identified in the approved plans (condition 2.1)



## **Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights**

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (*Chapter 6*)

#### Appeal rights

#### 229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states-
  - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
    (i)either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
    (ii)only a tribunal; or
    (iii)only the P&E Court; and
  - (b) the person—
    - (i)who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and
    - (ii)who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and(iii)who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter;
    - and (iv)who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is-
  - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency or
  - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
  - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
  - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—
     20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
  - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
  - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.
  - Note—

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—

   (a) the adopted charge itself; or
  - (a) the adopted charge itself, of (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
    - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
    - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method
- included in the local government's charges resolution. 230 Notice of appeal
- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar
- of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that— (a) is in the approved form; and
  - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The service period is—
  - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
  - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.
- 231 Other appeals
- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section—decision includes—
  - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
  - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
  - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
  - (d) a purported decision; and
  - (e) a deemed refusal.

**non-appealable**, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

#### 232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.



## **Appeal Rights**

PLANNING ACT 2016

### Schedule 1

### Appeals section 229

- 1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals
- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves-
  - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for-
  - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
  - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
  - (b) a provision of a development approval for—
  - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
  - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for— (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
    - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
  - (d) a development condition if—
    - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
    - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
    - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
  - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
  - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
  - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
    - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
    - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
  - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
  - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
  - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
  - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
  - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter
- involves-
  - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)-
    - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
    - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
- (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
  - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
  - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
  - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
  - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a correspondent in the appeal.

Table 1           Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal				
<ol> <li>Development applications         An appeal may be made against—              </li> <li>(a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or              </li> <li>(b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or             </li> <li>(c) a provision of the development approval; or             </li> <li>(d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.</li> </ol>				
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
AppellantRespondentCo-respondentCo-respondent by election(if any)(if any)				
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence	1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent	

		Table 1	
	Appeals to the P&E Court	and, for certain matters, to agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	a tribunal 2 If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application
			4 Any eligible submitter for the application
<ul><li>2. Change applications</li><li>An appeal may be made</li><li>(a) a responsible entity's</li><li>(b) a deemed refusal of</li></ul>	s decision for a change ap	plication, other than a deci	sion made by the P&E court; or
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	<ol> <li>A concurrence agency for the development application</li> <li>If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager</li> <li>A private certifier for the development application</li> <li>Any eligible advice agency for the change application</li> <li>Any eligible submitter for the change application</li> </ol>
		extension application; or	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent (if any)	Co-respondent by election (if any)
<ol> <li>1 The applicant</li> <li>For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application</li> </ol>	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager

## Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

4. Infrastructure charges notices

An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds

- a) The notice involved an error relating to -
  - (i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or

Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge -

- The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development
- Applying an incorrect 'use category', under a regulation, to the development
- (i) The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or
- (ii) An offset or refund; or
- b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or
- c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given the timing for giving the refund; or
- d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.

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Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-

5. Conversion applications

An appeal may be made against-

(a) the refusal of a conversion application; or

(b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.

· · /	11		
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
The applicant	The local government	-	-
	to which the conversion		
	application was made		

6. Enforcement notices

An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only				
<ol> <li>Appeals from tribunal         An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—</li></ol>				
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)	
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-	

#### Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

2. Eligible submitter appeals

An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to—

(a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<ol> <li>For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application</li> <li>For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>1 For a development application—the assessment manager</li> <li>2 For a change application—the responsible entity</li> </ul>	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals

An appeal may be made against a provision of a development approval, or failure to

include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to-

(a) any part of the development application or the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment; or

(b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<ol> <li>For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application</li> <li>For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application</li> <li>An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>1 For a development application—the assessment manager</li> <li>2 For a change application—the responsible entity</li> </ul>	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application
(b) a decision under sec		compensation; or	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-
5. Registered premises			

	Anneals	Table 2 to the P&E Court only	
An appeal may be made	against a decision of the		7, part 4.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<ul> <li>1 A person given a decision notice about the decision</li> <li>2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision</li> </ul>	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal – the owner of the registered premises
under a local law about-	other than a use that is t ding or other structure.	-	onsequence of prohibited
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<ul> <li>A person who—</li> <li>(a) applied for the decision; and</li> <li>(b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.</li> </ul>	The local government	-	-
	• • • • •	Table 3	
	ncy appeals		ng work to the extent the building ns.
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	<ul> <li>1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval</li> <li>2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval</li> </ul>
An appeal may be made		r—	
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only				
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-	
4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.				
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election	
••		(if any)	(if any)	
A person who was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The local government to which the application was made	-	-	