

Decision Notice Approval

Planning Act Form 1 (version 1.2 effective 7 February 2020) made under section 282 of the Planning Act 2016 for a decision notice (approval) under section 63(2) of the Planning Act 2016

Application number:	D/80-2024	Contact:	Sophie Muggeridge
Notice Date:	1 November 2024	Contact Number:	07 4936 8099

APPLICANT DETAILS

Name: Radiology Partners Pty Ltd

Postal address: C/- Radian Planning Group Pty Ltd
PO BOX 3099
NEWMARKET QLD 4051

Phone no: N/A Mobile no: 0421 355 720 Email: sam@radianplanning.com.au

I acknowledge receipt of the above application on 27 June 2024 and confirm the following:

DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for a Material Change of Use for a Health Care Service (Medical Centre)

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	67 and 69 North Street, The Range and 5 Voss Street, The Range
Real property description:	Lot 12 and 7 on RP603082 and Lot 4 on R26335

Dear	Radiology	Partners	Pty	Lta
------	-----------	----------	-----	-----

I advise that, on 25 October 2024 the above development application was:

approved in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in **Attachment 1**)

*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

1. DETAILS OF THE APPROVAL

The following approvals are given:

	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval	\boxtimes	
- Material change of use		

2. CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

3. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

Type of development permit required	Subject of the required development permit
Operational Works	Road Works
	Access and Parking Works
	Sewerage Works
	Stormwater Works
	Site Works
	Landscaping Works
	Roof and Allotment Drainage Works
Building Works	
Plumbing and Drainage Works	

4. REFERRAL AGENCIES - Nil

5. THE APPROVED PLANS

The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved drawings and documents:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	<u>Date</u>	Reference No.	Version /Issue
Cover Sheet	RealSpace Creative	9 September 2024	DA001	В
GFA Calculation	RealSpace Creative	9 September 2024	DA001.2	А
Carparking & Bicycling Parking	RealSpace Creative	9 September 2024	DA001.3	А
Site Cover Calculation	RealSpace Creative	9 September 2024	DA001.4	В
Green Space	RealSpace Creative	9 September 2024	DA001.6	В
Site Plan	RealSpace Creative	9 September 2024	DA003	В
Semi Basement Floor Plan	RealSpace Creative	9 September 2024	DA004	В
Ground Floor Plan	RealSpace Creative	9 September 2024	DA005	А
Level 1 Floor Plan	RealSpace Creative	9 September 2024	DA006	А
Level 2 Floor Plan	RealSpace Creative	9 September 2024	DA007	А
Level 3 Floor Plan	RealSpace Creative	9 September 2024	DA008	А
Elevation	RealSpace Creative	9 September 2024	DA009	А
Elevations	RealSpace Creative	9 September 2024	DA010	А
Elevations	RealSpace Creative	9 September 2024	DA011	А
Elevations	RealSpace Creative	9 September 2024	DA012	А
Cross Section	RealSpace Creative	9 September 2024	DA013	А

Cross Section	RealSpace Creative	9 September 2024	DA014	А
Erosion and Sediment Control layout	Pinnacle Engineering Group	16 September 2024	PEG1168-DA- SK07	-
Erosion and Sediment Control Notes and Details	Pinnacle Engineering Group	16 September 2024	PEG1168-DA- SK08	A
Site Based Stormwater Management Plan	Pinnacle Engineering Group	16 September 2024	PEG1168	REV 03
Traffic Engineering Response to Council Information Request	TTM Consulting Pty Ltd	9 September 2024	23BRT0650	-
Operational Waste Management Plan	TTM Consulting Pty Ltd	26 June 2024	23BRW0226	2
Engineering Services Plan	Pinnacle Engineering Group	24 June 2024	PEG1168	REV02
Landscape Concept Plan	Agla	5 June 2024	24.098	В

6. CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (s.85 of the *Planning Act*)

In accordance with section 85(1)(a)(ii) of the *Planning Act 2016*, the development approval lapses if the first change of use does not happen within six (6) years after the approval starts to have effect, if not stated otherwise in the conditions of approval attached.

7. STATEMENT OF REASONS

Description of the development

Material Change of Use for a Health Care Service (Medical Centre)

Reasons for Decision

- a) Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity; and
- b) On balance, the application should be approved because the circumstances favour Council exercising its discretion to approve the application even though the development does not comply with an aspect of the assessment benchmarks.

Assessment Benchmarks

The development was assessed against the following assessment benchmarks:

- Local Government Infrastructure Plan;
- Community Facilities Zone Code;
- Access, Parking and Transport Code;
- Landscape Code;
- Stormwater Management Code;
- Waste Management Code;

- Water and Sewer Code; and
- Airport Environs Overlay Code.

Compliance with assessment benchmarks

The development was assessed against all of the assessment benchmarks listed above and complies with all of these with the exceptions listed below.

Assessment Benchmark

Reasons for the approval despite non-compliance with benchmark

Community Facilities Zone Code

Performance Outcome (PO) 2

The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 2.1 as the proposed building is set back a maximum of 2.6 metres from the property boundaries, where AO2.1 requires buildings to be set back a minimum of six (6) metres from all property boundaries.

Despite this, the proposed building setbacks contribute to an attractive streetscape and provide for landscaping at the front of the site because:

- The 2.6 metre reduced setback still allows for appropriate landscaping to be established along all property boundaries including the use of large trees to soften the built form of the development; and
- The building layout incorporates design elements that are compatible with the architecture and established character of the health services precinct that will contribute to an improved attractive streetscape.

Therefore, the proposed development is taken to comply with PO 2.

Performance Outcome (PO) 4

The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 4.2 because a landscape buffer of 2.5 metres is proposed along the common property boundary adjoining a sensitive land use (east property boundary) where AO4.2 requires a minimum three (3) metre landscape buffer.

Despite this, the proposed development ensures adverse impacts on the surrounding sensitive land uses are minimised because:

- The development includes a solid acoustic fence along all property boundaries that adjoin a sensitive land use to ensure any noise generated from the development is minimised; and
- A 2.5 metre wide tiered planting solution with a mix of screen planting, climbers and podium planters will be provided along all boundaries adjoining a sensitive land use.

Therefore, the proposed development is taken to comply with PO 4.

Performance Outcome (PO) 6

The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 6.1 and 6.2 because the proposed building has a total height of 17.3 metres and a site coverage of 72.58 percent, where AO6.1 requires a maximum height of 12 metres and AO6.2 requires a maximum site coverage of 60 percent.

Despite this, the proposed development is of a height and scale that compliments the locality because:

- The building is of a height that is consistent with surrounding structures in the health services precinct.
- Does not adjoin a residential zone; and

The application was referred to the Civil Aviation Safety Authority (CASA)
who provided advice that it does not consider the building to be a hazard
on the operational airspace of the Rockhampton Airport due to the helipad
located within the Rockhampton Base Hospital (located along Canning
Street) that is higher than the proposed building.

Although the structure does present some conflicts with outcome (c) of PO6 whereby overshadowing may occur from the west onto 7 Voss Street (sensitive land use), it is not a continuous overshadow and therefore, on balance the proposed development is taken to comply with PO 6.

Airport Environs Overlay Code

Performance Outcome (PO) 1

The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 1.1 which does not allow structures as identified on overlay map OM-2A: to penetrate the airport's operational airspace.

The development site is located on land within the 8.5 metre height limitations area and has a maximum height of 17.3 metres.

Despite this, the application was referred to CASA who provided advice that it does not consider the building to be a hazard on the operational airspace of the Rockhampton Airport due to the helipad located within the Rockhampton Base Hospital (located along Canning Street) that is higher than the proposed building.

Furthermore, conditions have been imposed to ensure the development complies with the Rockhampton Airport and Civil Aviation Safety Authority (CASA) requirements for obstructions within the operational airspace.

Therefore, the proposed development is taken to comply with PO 1.

Access, Parking and Transport Code

Performance Outcome (PO) 5

The proposed development does not comply with Acceptable Outcome (AO) 5.1.1 because the development provides 66 vehicle parking spaces (including 2 persons with a disability (PWD) parking spaces) where AO5.1.1 requires a minimum of 79 parking spaces as set out in Table 9.3.1.3.2.

Despite this, it is considered that the development provides appropriate vehicle parking spaces to meet the demand generated by the development because:

- The sites location within close proximity to the Rockhampton Hospital and other health care services within the precinct, it is anticipated that cross utilisation of parking within the area will occur.
- · Is easily accessed via public transport methods; and
- A Traffic Impact Assessment was completed by TTM Consulting Engineers who determined the proposed vehicle parking spaces along with cross utilisation and public transport methods will meet the demand generated by the development.

Therefore, the proposed development is taken to comply with PO 5.

Relevant Matters

Not applicable to an assessable development application subject to code assessment.

Matters prescribed by regulation

- The Rockhampton Region Planning Scheme 2015 (version 4.4); and
- The common material, being the material submitted with the application.

8. APPEAL RIGHTS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. There may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 2 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets out the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

9. WHEN THE DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL TAKES EFFECT

This development approval takes effect:

- From the time the decision notice is given – if there is no submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

- When the submitter's appeal period ends – if there is a submitter and the applicant does not appeal the decision to the court.

Or

 Subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal is finally decided – if an appeal is made to the court.

10. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Name: Amanda O'Mara Signature: Date: 1 November 2024

COORDINATOR
DEVELOPMENT ASSESSMENT

Attachment 1 – Conditions of the approval

Part 1 – Conditions imposed by the assessment manager [Note: where a condition is imposed about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the Planning Act 2016, the relevant provision of the Act under which this condition was imposed must be specified.]

Attachment 2—Extract on appeal rights



Attachment 1 – Part 1 Rockhampton Regional Council Conditions

Planning Act 2016

1.0 ADMINISTRATION

- 1.1 The owner, the owner's successors in title, and any occupier of the premises is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of this development approval.
- 1.2 Where these Conditions refer to "Council" in relation to requiring Council to approve or to be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the Council a function, power or discretion, that role may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by the Council.
- 1.3 All conditions, works, or requirements of this development approval must be undertaken, completed, and be accompanied by a Compliance Certificate for any operational works required by this development approval:
 - 1.3.1 to Council's satisfaction;
 - 1.3.2 at no cost to Council; and
 - 1.3.3 prior to the commencement of the use,

unless otherwise stated.

- 1.4 Infrastructure requirements of this development approval must be contributed to the relevant authorities, where applicable, at no cost to Council, prior to the commencement of the use, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.5 The following further Development Permits must be obtained prior to the commencement of any works associated with their purposes:
 - 1.5.1 Operational Works:
 - (i) Road Works:
 - (ii) Access and Parking Works;
 - (iii) Sewerage Works;
 - (iv) Stormwater Works;
 - (v) Roof and Allotment Drainage;
 - (vi) Site Works; and
 - (vii) Landscaping Works;
 - 1.5.2 Plumbing and Drainage Works; and
 - 1.5.3 Building Works:
 - (i) Demolition Works; and
 - (ii) Building Works.
- 1.6 All Development Permits for Operational Works and Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works.
- 1.7 All works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant Council policies, guidelines and standards, unless otherwise stated.
- 1.8 All engineering drawings/specifications, design and construction works must be in accordance with the requirements of the relevant Australian Standards and must be approved, supervised and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland.

- 1.9 Lot 7 and 12 on RP603082 and Lot 4 on R26335 must be amalgamated and registered as one lot prior to the commencement of the use.
- 1.10 All development conditions contained in this development approval about infrastructure under Chapter 4 of the *Planning Act 2016* should be read as being non-trunk infrastructure conditioned under section 145 of the *Planning Act 2016*, unless otherwise stated.

2.0 <u>APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS</u>

2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by any condition of this development approval:

Plan/Document Name	Prepared by	<u>Date</u>	Reference No.	Version/Issue
Cover Sheet	RealSpace Creative	09 September 2024	DA001	В
GFA Calculation	RealSpace Creative	09 September 2024	DA001.2	А
Carparking & Bicycling Parking	RealSpace Creative	09 September 2024	DA001.3	A
Site Cover Calculation	RealSpace Creative	09 September 2024	DA001.4	В
Green Space	RealSpace Creative	09 September 2024	DA001.6	В
Site Plan	RealSpace Creative	09 September 2024	DA003	В
Semi Basement Floor Plan	RealSpace Creative	09 September 2024	DA004	В
Ground Floor Plan	RealSpace Creative	09 September 2024	DA005	А
Level 1 Floor Plan	RealSpace Creative	09 September 2024	DA006	А
Level 2 Floor Plan	RealSpace Creative	09 September 2024	DA007	А
Level 3 Floor Plan	RealSpace Creative	09 September 2024	DA008	А
Elevation	RealSpace Creative	09 September 2024	DA009	А
Elevations	RealSpace Creative	09 September 2024	DA010	А
Elevations	RealSpace Creative	09 September 2024	DA011	А
Elevations	RealSpace Creative	09 September 2024	DA012	А
Cross Section	RealSpace Creative	09 September 2024	DA013	А
Cross Section	RealSpace Creative	09 September 2024	DA014	А
Erosion and Sediment Control layout	Pinnacle Engineering Group	16 September 2024	PEG1168- DA-SK07	-

Erosion and Sediment Control Notes and Details	Pinnacle Engineering Group	16 September 2024	PEG1168- DA-SK08	A
Site Based Stormwater Management Plan	Pinnacle Engineering Group	16 September 2024	PEG1168	REV 03
Traffic Engineering Response to Council Information Request	TTM Consulting Pty Ltd	09 September 2024	23BRT065 0	-
Operational Waste Management Plan	TTM Consulting Pty Ltd	26 June 2024	23BRW022 6	2
Engineering Services Plan	Pinnacle Engineering Group	24 June 2024	PEG1168	REV02
Landscape Concept Plan	Agla	5 June 2024	24.098	В

2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this development approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of this development approval must prevail.

3.0 ROAD WORKS

- 3.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (road works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any road works required by this development approval.
- 3.2 All road works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, relevant Australian Standards and Austroads Guidelines and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (road works).
- 3.3 Talford Lane from North Street to the proposed site access point must be widened & upgraded to a 6.5-metre-wide carriageway and 0.65-metre-wide verge in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1). Kerb and channel and any associated drainage infrastructure must also be included where necessary.
- 3.4 A survey plan for the road widening must be submitted to Council for endorsement and registered at Titles Queensland prior to the commencement of the use.
- 3.5 The North Street and Talford Lane intersection must be upgraded in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), to comply with proposed road widening of Talford Lane.
- 3.6 A concrete pathway, with a minimum width of 1.2 metres, must be constructed on the development side of Voss Street for the full frontage of the development site.
- 3.7 All pathways and access ramps must be designed and constructed in accordance with Australian Standard AS1428 "Design for access and mobility".
- 3.8 Traffic signs and pavement markings must be provided in accordance with the *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices Queensland*. Where necessary, existing traffic signs and

pavement markings must be modified in accordance with the *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices* – *Queensland*.

4.0 ACCESS AND PARKING WORKS

- 4.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any access and parking works on the development site.
- 4.2 All access and parking works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities" and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.3 All access, parking and vehicle manoeuvring areas must be sealed to Council's satisfaction.

 Design and construction must be in accordance with the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.4 A new access to the development must be provided at Talford Lane.
- 4.5 All vehicular access to and from the development must be via Talford Lane only.
- 4.6 Access to the development site from Talford Lane must be limited to 'right in, left out' only.
- 4.7 Refuse collection vehicles only, must enter the development site via Talford Lane from the north and exit via Talford Lane to the south.
- 4.8 All vehicles must ingress and egress the development in a forward gear excluding refuse collection vehicles, per condition 4.7.
- 4.9 All redundant vehicular crossovers must be replaced by Council standard kerb and channel.
- 4.10 Adequate sight distances must be provided for all ingress and egress movements at the access driveways in accordance with *Australian Standard AS2890.2 "Parking facilities Off street commercial vehicle facilities"*.
- 4.11 A minimum of sixty-six (66) parking spaces including two (2) persons with disabilities (PWD) parking spaces must be provided on-site. Eighteen (18) bicycle parking spaces must also be provided on-site.
- 4.12 Universal access parking spaces must be provided on-site in accordance with *Australian Standard AS2890.6 "Parking facilities Off-street parking for people with disabilities"*.
- 4.13 Parking spaces must be line-marked in accordance with the approved Site Plan (refer to condition 2.1) and in accordance with the *Australian Standard AS2890 "Parking facilities"* and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works).
- 4.14 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (access and parking works) must be accompanied by detailed and scaled plans, which demonstrate the turning movements/swept paths of the largest vehicle to access the development site including refuse collection vehicles.
- 4.15 All vehicle operations associated with the development must be directed by suitable directional, informative, regulatory or warning signs in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices"* and *Australian Standard AS2890.1 "Parking facilities Off-street car parking"*.
- 4.16 Road signage and pavement markings must be installed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1742.1 "Manual of uniform traffic control devices"*.
- 4.17 All vehicle operation areas must be illuminated in accordance with the requirements of Australian Standard AS1158 "Lighting for roads and public spaces".
- 4.18 All internal pedestrian pathways must be designed and constructed in accordance with *Australian Standard AS1428 "Design for access and mobility"*.

4.19 Bicycle parking facilities must be provided in accordance with *AUSTROADS Guide to Traffic Engineering Practice*, *Part 14 – Bicycles*. The bicycle parking facilities must be located at semi-basement level and level 1 and encourage casual surveillance.

5.0 SEWERAGE WORKS

- 5.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (sewerage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any sewerage works on the development site.
- 5.2 All sewerage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018 and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (sewerage works).
- 5.3 The proposed sewerage diversion must be constructed in accordance with the approved plan (refer to condition 2.1) and all redundant sewerage pipes, house connections and access chambers must be removed.
- 5.4 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage network via a single house service connection.
- 5.5 The finished sewerage access chamber surface must be at a sufficient level to avoid ponding of stormwater above the top of the chamber. A heavy-duty trafficable lid must be provided in the trafficable area.
- 5.6 Sewer connections located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.
- 5.7 All works must be undertaken in accordance with Queensland Development Code, Mandatory Part 1.4 "Building over or near relevant infrastructure."
- 5.8 Sewerage trade waste permits must be obtained for the discharge of any non-domestic waste into Council's reticulated sewerage network. Arrestor traps must be provided where commercial or non-domestic waste is proposed to be discharged into the sewer system.
- 5.9 Large trees must not be planted within one (1) metre of the centreline of any sewerage and/or water infrastructure; small shrubs and groundcover are acceptable.

6.0 WATER WORKS

- 6.1 All water works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, and Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018.
- 6.2 The development must be connected to Council's reticulated water network via a single water service connection from the 150 millimetre diameter water main at North Street. A hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person must determine the size of connection required. All other redundant water service connections must be removed.
- 6.3 Adequate domestic and firefighting protection must be provided to the development and must be certified by a hydraulic engineer or other suitably qualified person.
- Water meter boxes located within trafficable areas must be raised or lowered to suit the finished surface levels and must be provided with heavy duty trafficable lids.

7.0 PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE WORKS

- 7.1 A Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained for the removal and/or demolition of any existing structure on the development site.
- 7.2 A Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works must be obtained for the proposed building structure on the development site.
- 7.3 All internal plumbing and drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines, Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008, Plumbing and Drainage Act

2018, Council's Plumbing and Drainage Policies and the provisions of a Development Permit for Plumbing and Drainage Works.

8.0 STORMWATER WORKS

- 8.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any stormwater works required by this development approval.
- 8.2 All stormwater drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) subject to ensuring compliance and any alterations required by the *Environmental Protection Act 1992, Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines,* sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (stormwater works).
- 8.3 All stormwater must drain to a demonstrated lawful point of discharge and must not adversely affect surrounding land or infrastructure in comparison to the pre-development conditions, including but not limited to blocking, altering or diverting existing stormwater runoff patterns or having the potential to cause damage to other infrastructure.
- The development must not increase peak stormwater runoff for a selected range of storm events up to and including a one per cent (1%) Annual exceedance probability storm event, for the post-development conditions.
- 8.5 The installation of gross pollutant traps must be in accordance with relevant Australian Standards and all maintenance of the proposed gross pollutant traps must be the responsibility of the property owner or body corporate (if applicable).

9.0 ROOF AND ALLOTMENT DRAINAGE WORKS

- 9.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any drainage works on the development site.
- 9.2 All roof and allotment drainage works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1), *Queensland Urban Drainage Manual, Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*, sound engineering practice and the provisions of a Development Permit for Operational Works (roof and allotment drainage works).
- 9.3 All roof and allotment runoff from the development must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause a nuisance to surrounding land or infrastructure.

10.0 SITE WORKS

- 10.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (site works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any site works on the development site.
- 10.2 Any application for a Development Permit for Operational Works (site works) must be accompanied by an earthworks plan that clearly identifies the following:
 - 10.2.1 the location of cut and/or fill;
 - 10.2.2 the type of fill to be used and the manner in which it is to be compacted;
 - 10.2.3 the quantum of fill to be deposited or removed and finished cut and/or fill levels;
 - 10.2.4 details of any proposed access routes that are intended to be used to transport fill to or from the development site; and
 - the maintenance of access roads to and from the development site so that they are free of all cut and/or fill material and cleaned as necessary.
- 10.3 All earthworks must be undertaken in accordance with *Australian Standard AS3798* "Guidelines on earthworks for commercial and residential developments".
- 10.4 Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to surrounding land or infrastructure.

- Any retaining structures above one (1) metre in height that are not incidental works to a Development Permit for Building Works, must not be constructed unless separately and specifically certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland and must be approved as part of a Development Permit for Operational Works (site works).
- 10.6 An Erosion Control and Stormwater Control Management Plan must prepared and certified by suitably qualified person (Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control or a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland), with appropriate knowledge and experience in erosion and sediment control design and implementation. The plan must be submitted to Council for approval with the Operational works application and must be prepared in accordance with the State Planning Policy 2017, International Erosion Control Association Best Practice Guidelines and Capricorn Municipal Design Guidelines. The plan must be:
 - 10.6.1 implemented, monitored and maintained for the duration of the works, and until all exposed soil areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydromulched, concreted, landscaped); and
 - 10.6.2 available on-site for inspection by Council Officers whilst all works are being carried out.

11.0 BUILDING WORKS

- 11.1 A Development Permit for Building Works assessable under the Building Assessment Provisions must be obtained prior to the commencement of any building works on the site.
- 11.2 A Development Permit for Building Works (demolition) must be obtained for the removal and/or demolition of any existing structures on the development site.
- 11.3 Impervious paved waste storage areas must be provided in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1) and the *Environmental Protection Regulation 2019* and must be:
 - 11.3.1 designed and located so as not to cause a nuisance to neighbouring properties.
 - 11.3.2 surrounded by at least a 1.8 metre high screen fence that obstructs from view the contents of the waste storage area by any member of the public from any public place;
 - 11.3.3 of a sufficient size to accommodate commercial type bins that will be serviced by a commercial contractor plus clearances around the bins for manoeuvring and cleaning;
 - 11.3.4 provided with a suitable hosecock and hoses at the refuse container area, and washdown must be drained to the sewer fitted with an approved stormwater diversion valve arrangement in accordance with the Sewerage Trade Waste provisions and the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*.
 - As an alternative to a washdown facility, a fully contained commercial bin cleaning service is acceptable provided no wastewater is discharged from the site to the sewer.
- 11.4 All external elements, such as air conditioners and associated equipment, must be adequately screened from public view to Council's satisfaction.
- 11.5 The development site must be fenced in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1). In particular with the adjoining residential property boundary (7 Voss Street) with a solid acoustic screen fence to ensure privacy and security to adjoining residential properties. The fence must be constructed of materials and finishes that are aesthetically pleasing and commensurate with the surrounding area.
- 11.6 All windows facing the adjoining residential property (7 Voss Street) must be properly glazed or screened to not intrude on the privacy of residents
- 12.0 LANDSCAPING WORKS

- 12.1 A Development Permit for Operational Works (landscaping works) must be obtained prior to the commencement of any landscaping works required by this development approval.
- 12.2 Street trees are to be provided in accordance with the approved plans (refer to condition 2.1)
- 12.3 The street trees required by condition 12.2 must be one or a combination of the following species:
 - 12.3.1 Buckinghamia celcissma Ivory Curl
 - 12.3.2 Corymbia ptychocarpa –Swamp Bloodwood
 - 12.3.3 Cupaniopsis anacardioides Tuckeroo
 - 12.3.4 Cupaniopsis parvisolia Small Leaf Tuckeroo
 - 12.3.5 Harpullia pendula Tulip wood
 - 12.3.6 Melicope elleryana- Pink Flowering Euodia
 - 12.3.7 Syzygium leuhmanii- Small Leafed Lilly Pilly
 - 12.3.8 Waterhousia floribunda Weeping Lilly Pilly
 - 12.3.9 Xanthostemon chrysanthus Golden Penda
- 12.4 The street trees must:
 - 12.4.1 Be planted between one (1) and 1.2 metres from the edge of the kerb;
 - 12.4.2 Be at least three (3) metres from a driveway;
 - 12.4.3 Be at least five (5) metres apart; and
 - 12.4.4 Be at least six (6) metres from the corner of the kerb at street intersections.
- 12.5 Street trees must be maintained by the owner / developer until established.

Note: Street trees become the property of Council. Council reserves all rights to trim or remove street trees as per our requirements and in accordance with the current Street Tree Policy.

- 12.6 Street tree planting must be carried out in accordance with the requirements of *Planning Scheme Policy SC6.12 Landscape Design and Street Trees Planning Scheme Policy*.
- 12.7 Street trees must be located such that when mature, they do not impact on street lighting, future driveway locations or other infrastructure in accordance with the *Capricorn Municipal Development Guidelines*.
- 12.8 Street trees and landscaping must not impact on vehicle site distances in accordance with Australian Standard AS2890 – Parking Facilities, or unduly restrict visibility to pedestrians in verge areas.
- 12.9 Landscaping must be designed in accordance with the requirements of *Australian Standard AS 1428 Design for access and mobility.*
- 12.10 Planting types used within the internal landscaping areas (refer to condition 2.1) must include either trees, shrubs or groundcovers, or any combination of these planting types. These plantings must be established and maintained generally at the following density rates:
 - 12.10.1 trees at five (5) metre intervals;
 - 12.10.2 shrubs at two (2) metre intervals; and
 - 12.10.3 groundcovers at one (1) metre intervals.
- 12.11 At least fifty (50) per cent of all new plantings within the internal landscaping areas (refer to condition 2.1) must be locally native species with low water dependency and must comply with the following requirements:

- 12.11.1 Plant species are chosen from sources recommended in *Planning Scheme Policy SC6.12 Landscape Design and Street Trees Planning Scheme Policy*; and
- 12.11.2 Plant species must not include undesirable species identified in *Planning Scheme Policy SC6.12 Landscape Design and Street Trees Planning Scheme Policy*.
- 12.12 Shade trees must comply with the following requirements:
 - 12.12.1 Be planted clear of services and utilities;
 - 12.12.2 Be planted clear of park furniture and embellishments;
 - 12.12.3 Not obstruct pedestrian or bicycle traffic; and
 - 12.12.4 Comply with crime prevention through environmental design principles.
- 12.13 Landscaping, or any part thereof, upon reaching full maturity, must not:
 - 12.13.1 obstruct sight visibility zones as defined in the *Austroads 'Guide to Traffic Engineering Practice'* series of publications;
 - 12.13.2 adversely affect any road lighting or public space lighting; or
 - 12.13.3 adversely affect any Council infrastructure, or public utility plant.
- 12.14 The landscaped areas must be subject to:
 - 12.14.1 a watering and maintenance plan during the establishment moment; and
 - 12.14.2 an ongoing maintenance and replanting programme.
- 12.15 Council approval must be obtained prior to the removal of or interference with street trees located on Council land.
- 13.0 ELECTRICITY
- 13.1 Electricity services must be provided in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.
- 14.0 TELECOMMUNICATIONS
- 14.1 Telecommunications services must be provided to the development in accordance with the standards and requirements of the relevant service provider.
- 15.0 ASSET MANAGEMENT
- 15.1 Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to Council.
- 15.2 Any damage to existing stormwater, water supply and sewerage infrastructure, kerb and channel, pathway or roadway (including removal of concrete slurry from public land and Council infrastructure), that occurs while any works are being carried out in association with this development approval must be repaired at full cost to the developer. This includes the reinstatement of any existing traffic signs or pavement markings that may have been removed or damaged.
- 15.3 'As Constructed' information pertaining to assets to be handed over to Council and those which may have an impact on Council's existing and future assets must be provided prior to the commencement of the use. This information must be provided in accordance with the Asset Design and As Constructed Manual (ADAC).
- 16.0 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
- Any lighting devices associated with the development, such as sensory lighting, must be positioned on the development site and shielded so as not to cause glare or other nuisance to nearby residents and motorists. Night lighting must be designed, constructed and operated in accordance with Australian Standard AS4282 "Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting".

Operations on the site must have no significant impact on the amenity of adjoining premises or the surrounding area due to the emission of light, noise or dust.

17.0 OPERATING PROCEDURES

- 17.1 All construction materials, waste, waste skips, machinery and contractors' vehicles must be located and stored or parked within the development site. Storage of materials or parking of construction machinery or contractors' vehicles must not occur within North Street, Talford Lane and Voss Street.
- 17.2 Waste collection vehicle operation must be outside of the normal operation hours.
- 17.3 All waste storage areas must be:
 - 17.3.1 kept in a clean and tidy condition; and
 - 17.3.2 maintained in accordance with *Environmental Protection Regulation 2019*.
- 17.4 Correspondence must be obtained from Civil Aviation Safety Authority (CASA) prior to the lodgement of an operational works application and submitted to Council for approval due to the height of the cranes used during construction. Correspondence must include but is not limited to, verification that the development (temporary structure), will not impact upon any air services at Rockhampton airport and that a permanent obstacle intrusion to the Obstacle Limitation Surfaces (OLS) height is permitted.

Note: Approval for the height of the permanent structure (17.3 metres) has been obtained by CASA.

ADVISORY NOTES

NOTE 1. Aboriginal Cultural Heritage

It is advised that under section 23 of the *Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003*, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care"). Maximum penalties for breaching the duty of care are listed in the Aboriginal cultural heritage legislation. The information on Aboriginal cultural heritage is available on the Department of Seniors, Disability Services and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Partnerships website www.dsdsatsip.qld.gov.au

NOTE 2. Asbestos Removal

Any demolition and/or removal works involving asbestos materials must be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the *Work Health and Safety Act 2011* and *Public Health Act 2005*.

NOTE 3. General Environmental Duty

General environmental duty under the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.

NOTE 4. General Safety Of Public During Construction

The Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices must be complied with in carrying out any construction works, and to ensure safe traffic control and safe public access in respect of works being constructed on a road.

NOTE 5. <u>Infrastructure Charges Notice</u>

This application is subject to infrastructure charges in accordance with Council policies. The charges are presented on an Infrastructure Charges Notice.

NOTE 6. Rating Category

Please note, a Material Change of Use approval may result in an adjustment to a property's rating category. Please contact Council's Rates Department should you require further information.

NOTE 7. Advertising Devices

Any Advertising device associated with or attached to the development must be carried out in accordance with Council's Planning Scheme.



Attachment 2 - Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

The following is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* (*Chapter 6*)

Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states-
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—(i)either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or(ii)only a tribunal; or
 - (iii)only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i)who may appeal a matter (the appellant); and
 - (ii)who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii)who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv)who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is-
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10
 business days after a decision notice for the decision is
 given to the agency or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice— 20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note-

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that— (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph
 (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.

(4) The service period is-

- (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
- (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section— decision includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.
- **non-appealable**, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—
 - (a) is final and conclusive; and
 - (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
 - (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.



Appeal Rights

PLANNING ACT 2016

Schedule 1

Appeals section 229

- 1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals
- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—(a) the P&E court; or (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
- (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if-
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to-
 - (i) the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (ii) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (i) a decision to give an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (k) a matter that, under another Act, may be appealed to the tribunal; or
 - (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)-
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
- (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a corespondent in the appeal.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

1. Development applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or
- (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or
- (c) a provision of the development approval; or
- (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent	Column 4 Co-respondent by election
''	'	(if any)	(if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence	A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent

Table 1				
Appeals to the P&E Cour	t and, for certain matters, to	a tribunal		
	agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	2 If a chosen Assessment manager is the respondent— the prescribed assessment manager 3 Any eligible advice agency for the application 4 Any eligible submitter for the application		

2. Change applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) a responsible entity's decision for a change application, other than a decision made by the P&E court; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of a change application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice	The responsible entity	If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	 A concurrence agency for the development application If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager A private certifier for the development application Any eligible advice agency for the change application Any eligible submitter for the change application

3. Extension applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) the assessment manager's decision about an extension application; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of an extension application.

(b) a accinica relacar or	(a) a decined related of an extension application.				
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4		
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent (if any)	Co-respondent by election (if any)		
1 1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application – a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal – the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent – the prescribed assessment manager		

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

4. Infrastructure charges notices

An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds

- a) The notice involved an error relating to -
 - (i) The application of the relevant adopted charge; or

Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge -

- The incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development
- Applying an incorrect 'use category', under a regulation, to the development
 - (i) The working out of extra demands, for section 120; or
 - (ii) An offset or refund; or
- b) The was no decision about an offset or refund; or
- c) If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given the timing for giving the refund; or
- d) The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the Infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-

5. Conversion applications

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) the refusal of a conversion application; or
- (b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	-	-

6. Enforcement notices

An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	-	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

1. Appeals from tribunal

An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—

- (a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or
- (b) jurisdictional error.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	-	-

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

2. Eligible submitter appeals

An appeal may be made against the decision to give a development approval, or an approval for a change application, to the extent that the decision relates to—

(a) any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment; or (b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals

An appeal may be made against a provision of a development approval, or failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to—

- (a) any part of the development application or the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment; or
- (b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application 2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application	1 For a development application—the assessment manager 2 For a change application—the responsible entity	1 The applicant 2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	Another eligible submitter for the application

4. Compensation claims

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or
- (b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or
- (c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	-	-

5. Registered premises

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
1 A person given a	The Minister	-	If an owner or occupier starts the
decision notice about			appeal – the owner of the
the decision			registered premises
2 If the decision is to			
register premises or			
renew the			
registration of			
premises—an owner			
or occupier of			
premises in the			
affected area for the			
registered premises			
who is dissatisfied			
with the decision			

6. Local laws

An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about—

- (a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or
- (b) the erection of a building or other structure.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	-	-

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only

1. Building advisory agency appeals

An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
A building advisory	The assessment	The applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the
agency for the	manager		development application
development application			related to the approval
related to the approval			2 A private certifier for the
			development application
			related to the approval

- 3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act
- An appeal may be made against a decision under—
- (a) the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
- (b) the Plumbing and Drainage Act, part 4 or 5.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)

Table 3 Appeals to the tribunal only			
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, notice of the decision	The person who made the decision	-	-
4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.			
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent by election
		(if any)	(if any)
A person who was	The local government	-	-
entitled to receive,	to which the		
notice of the decision	application was made		